Geography	<u>Term 1</u>	Term 2	<u>Term 3</u>	<u>Term 4</u>	<u>Term 5</u>	<u>Term 6</u>
	- Be aware of other countries in the world and how to find them on a simple map. - Create own maps and plans. - Know about different types of home.					
Nursery	Explore natural materials linked with autumn Notice some simple signs of autumn	 Begin to be aware of different countries in the world from stories read Begin to know that blue shows the sea and green shows the land on a map or globe. 	 Find the North Pole and the South Pole on globe with support Talk about the weather in winter 	- Talk about some of the changes they notice in the environment in spring	- Know that warm weather helps most plants grow.	- Continue to understand some of the differences between different people and communities
Reception	 Know some similarities ar Explain some similarities a maps. 	environment using knowledge fi ad differences between different and differences between life in th differences between the natur - With support, find India and the UK on a world map or globe - Begin to compare India to where we live	religious and cultural comm his country and life in other o	unities in this country, drawin countries, drawing on knowled	g on their experiences and wh dge from stories, non-fiction to	exts and (when appropriate)
Y1	Weather and Seasons Order months and identify seasons, difference between seasons, explore current season, types of clothing worn in		United Kingdom		Local Area Understand the differences between urban/rural and what our area is, explore features of school grounds, look at local area on a map, create own map of area.	

	different weather, types of weather we have in UK (record daily weather), weather impact on jobs.	Locate UK and 4 countries, capital cities in UK, difference between human/physical features, seas around UK - name, locate and identify characteristics of the four	 use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map 	
	- identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom	countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas - use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries,	 use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather key human features, including: city, town, village, 	
	Revisit: Skegness on a map	 continents and oceans studied at this key stage use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: - key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather 	factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop - use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key	
		- key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop	Revisit: The United Kingdom + location of Skegness	
		Revisit: Weather patterns in the UK seasons – on-going throughout year		
	Hot and Cold Places	Continents and Oceans		
Υ2	Identify hot/cold places on a map, recognise features of hot/cold places, explore a hot/cold place and compare to current climate in locality, what lives in different seasons (plants/animals) and in different hot/cold places. - identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles - use world maps, atlases and globes to identify countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage	Understand where we are in the world, locate seven continents on map, locate oceans that link to the continents, describe location of continents, physical/human features of a continent. - name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans		
	Revisit: United Kingdom & Continents and Oceans	 use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the continents and oceans use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map 		
		 use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop 		

		Revisit: Weather and Seasons & United Kingdom
	Food and Farming	Rainforests (option to include Amazon unit)
Y3/4		What is a rainforest, locate on map, layers of life in a
13/4	Link to Harvest & Lincolnshire Day	rainforest, features, characteristics of the Congo,
	Know where common foodstuffs come from, some of the	impact of deforestation, importance of Amazon
	processes involved in food production, trade and	Rainforest.
	distribution, some of the human and environmental issues	
	involved in food production, trade and distribution – emphasis on locality – what is grown in our area? Why is	- describe and understand key aspects of physical geography,
	our land used for growing vegetables?	including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts
		- identify the position and significance of lines of latitude, the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the
	(Use maps to look at the local area and what is grown – include compass points)	Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn
		- describe and understand key aspects of human geography,
		including: types of settlement and land use, economic
		activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water
	 describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including economic activity and trade links, the distribution of 	
	natural resources including food	Revisit: Climate in different countries/areas
	Food and Farming.pdf	revisit. Climate in different countries/areas
	rood and rarming.put	
	- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate	
	countries and describe features studied	
	 use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey 	
	maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider	
	world	
	Fieldwork – visit local farm	

	Revisit: UK counties (key ones linking to food production), continents and oceans		
	North America	Climate Zones	Local Area Study
Υ5	Locate North America, explore landscape, identify countries within North America and states in USA, explore Rockies, Mount St Helens and impact on area, compare landscapes of different states, compare New York to Skegness. - locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on North America, concentrating on its environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities - identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, and time zones (including day and night) - use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied - describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle - human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water Revisit: UK countries and key counties (Lincs) via a comparison to North America. Mountains	Line of latitude, link to climate, climate zones, Northern/Soutern hemispheres, compare temperatures and tropical climates, weather patterns and forecasts in different locations. - identify the position and significance of latitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn and Arctic and Antarctic Circle - describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones Revisit: - Continents and Oceans - Seasonal changes (KS1)	 Locate – identify county, local towns/cities, physical features – coast – explore impact of humans, explore locality & surrounding human/physical features, seaside town features, changes over time, explore (map) school site. use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity physical geography of the area Revisit: North America – key knowledge
	United Kingdom - Link to WW2 & Ancient Greece	Mini Unit – Biomes	
Y6	 Compare/contrast countries of UK, identify Skegness and local on landscape, industry in UK. name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geograph characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, or some of these aspects have changed over time 	What are Biomes? Describe types of biomes and their characteristics, explore the climate in different biomes and how this impacts on what lives in them.	
	- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied		Revolution and the state world, continents

- describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water	
Revisit: Continents/oceans/rainforests	
Europe - Link to WW2 & Ancient Greece	
Locate Europe & characteristics, explore countries in Europe, cuisine in Europe, compare a European country/city to UK (e.g. Athens)	
- locate Europe's countries, their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities	
- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied	
 describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water 	
- understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region in a European country	
 describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes, vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle 	
Revisit:	